



Hughes & Hough

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

General Auctioneers
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PROPRIETORS
"Ho-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

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Bentley's
A. & C. 4th & 5th Editions.
A 1 Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address
"HONGKONG" HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

FRIDAY,

the 26th April, 1918, at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street.

Raincoats, Alpaca Jackets, Cotton Suits, Jackets, Trousers, &c., several Tweed Suits, Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., Sundries.

A number of GENT'S STRAW HATS, (all new goods).

Trans—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 22, 1918. 346

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Administrator of the Estate of WILLIAM CHARLES PUGHAN deceased to sell by Public Auction,

MONDAY,

the 29th day of April, 1918, at 12 Noon, at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street.

THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES

Situate at Ma-tau-kok, Kowloon, in the Colony of Hongkong and registered in the Land Office as Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1109.

The Properties consist of—

Lot 1.—All that piece or parcel of ground situate at Ma-tau-kok in the Dependency of Kowloon and Colony of Hongkong and registered in the Land Office as Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1084.

This Lot has an area of 150,000 sq. ft. or thereabouts and is held for the unexpired residue of the term of seventy-five years (renewable) created therein by an Indenture of Crown Lease dated the 28th day of November, 1901 subject to an annual Crown rent of \$880.

Lot 2.—All that piece or parcel of ground situate at Ma-tau-kok afore said and registered in the Land Office as Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1109.

This Lot adjoins Lot 1, has an area of 43,000 sq. ft. or thereabouts and is held for the unexpired residue of the term of seventy-five years (renewable) created therein by an Indenture of Crown Lease dated the 28th day of November, 1901 subject to an annual Crown rent of \$358.00.

Messrs. WILKINSON & GRIST, Solicitors, 9, Queen's Road Central or to Messrs. HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers, 8, Des Voeux Road.

Hongkong, April 16, 1918. 339

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from T. K. DALY, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, on

MONDAY,

the 6th May, 1918, commencing at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF VALUABLE BOOKS.

Including: Books on Shakespeare, "Transactions of the New Shakespeare Society," "Tissot's Illustrated Life of Christ," the Works of Swinburne, Tennyson, Fater, Dowden, William Morris, Edwin Arnold, Dickens, Meredith, &c., &c., many French Authors including Works by Hugo, Georges Sand, Lamartine, Musset, Zola, Paulsen, Lemaitre, Theophile, Regnier, Francis James, &c., &c., &c.

Works on General Constitutional and Legal History Books on Mathematics, a miscellaneous collection of Latin and Greek Classics, several well-known Dictionaries (French, Italian, Portuguese, Greek), Books by authoritative writers on Russia, Egypt and Palestine.

And

ONE LARGE BOOK CASE.

Catalogues will be issued.

On view from Saturday, 4th May.

Trans—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 18, 1918. 347

Fretful Babies.

Mrs. John M. Weaver, Blisfield, N.Y. writes:—"I can speak very highly of Baby's Own Tablets. I have used them for my children and find they are the best medicine a mother can give her little ones. I would strongly recommend them to all mothers who have fretful babies." Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian children's remedy, regulate the bowels and stomach, break up colds and simple fevers, expel worms, cure vomiting and indigestion and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 60 cents a vial from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 98 N. 2nd Street, New York.

AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

WEDNESDAY,

the 24th April, 1918, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street.

AN ASSORTMENT OF HOUSEHOLD LINENS, &c.

Comprising—Single and Double Plain and Hemstitched Sheets, Pillow Cases, Bed Quilts, Table Cloths, Pure Linen Damask Serviettes, Bath Sheets, Bath Towels, Turkish Towels, Blankets, &c., &c.

Trans—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 17, 1918. 337

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

WEDNESDAY,

the 24th April, 1918, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street.

TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, BRASS AND TEAK TWIN BEDSTEADS, CURTAINS, CARPETS, &c., &c.

AND AN ASSORTMENT OF USEFUL HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

As follows:—

Arm-chairs and Chesterfield Sofas, Card Tables, Upholstered Suites, &c., Bedroom Furniture, comprising Double Brass and Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Teak Twin Bedsteads, Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, Tea and Occasional Tables, &c., Dinner Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, &c., Bath Room Fittings, Sundry Electro-Plated Ware.

Electric Reading Lamps, Blackwood and Teakwood Screens, Blackwood Furniture, including large Blackwood Screen with 6-Coloured Panels, Side Tables, Chairs, Cabinets, &c., &c., Engravings, Pictures, Kinkosan and Brass Vases, &c., &c., Tennis Poles and Net, Iron Safe, Several Carpets, &c., &c.

3 PIANOS.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Trans—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 17, 1918. 336

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

FRIDAY,

the 26th April, 1918, at 2.30 p.m., at 58 Nathan Road, Kowloon, (Top and 2nd Floor).

SUNDAY

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

&c., &c., &c.

On view from Thursday, at 2.30 p.m. Catalogues will be issued.

Trans—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 12, 1918. 350

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Administrator of the Estate of WILLIAM CHARLES PUGHAN deceased, to sell by Public Auction,

MONDAY,

the 29th April, 1918, at 12 o'clock Noon, at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street.

One CALVANIZED IRON SHED.

And

A QUANTITY OF CALVANIZED IRON BOOFING.

&c., &c.

Situate at Ma-tau-kok, Kowloon.

On view from Saturday, 4th May.

Trans—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, April 22, 1918. 349

OUR LONDON LETTER.

(By Our Own Correspondent.)

LONDON, Feb. 23.

DEMOCRATIC TENDENCIES.

The munition making and pro-

fitting are bringing out a new

monied class, and to balance matters

the aristocracy are almost all at

work. The science of numbers can

scarcely count the new Government

departments and even the new ones

make a show of clinging to the old

traditions of Whitehall—perhaps the

most conservative place on the globe

and the centre of the most trench-

ed trade union—namely, officialdom.

But even there the changing condi-

tions are to be seen. These depart-

ments nowadays address every Com-

moner as "Esquire." So in that

respect at least democracy has shat-

tered the tradition that an Esquire

should be a person with freehold

property worth £230 a year. I believe

there was also an old ruling that a

Minister should have £100 a year

earned income, but of course that

went by the board long ago.

But there is a widespread slump

in "Norman blood" and "the

custe of Vere de Vere." When dis-

tinguished men like Sir Edward

Clarke, K.C.—the son of a watch-

maker—and Lord Rhonda—the son

of a retail grocer—boast of their

humble origin, people are asking how

soon it will be the fashion to pro-

claim a connection with trade and

commerce. With all its evils, war

has glorified all work. The more

ordinary and undignified the work,

the more women especially appear

to enjoy it. The action of an ancient

family said to me recently, "Soon

all the aristocrats will be working."

The only indolent people will be the

families of the war profiteers. He

himself is now a merchant and doing

well.

The other afternoon, at Charing

Cross Station, after the wounded

soldiers had been despatched to the

various hospitals, the daughter of a

peer was observed with her sleeves

tucked up, a rough apron over her

uniform, scrubbing away at the wood-

work of the soldiers' buffet as if the

safety of Old England depended on

the thoroughness of her work. When

congratulated on the job she said,

"I should be ashamed if I didn't do

it well. I do it better than those who

have been at it all their lives."

One by one the houses of the great

are being used for national purposes.

Some, like those of Lord Leverhulme

and the Duke of Westminster, are in

temporary occupation by officialdom,

but others, like those of the Duke of

Buccleuch and the Duchess of Marl-

borough, will remain in Government

hands for permanent uses. The Duke

of Buccleuch's London residence, Mon-

tagu House, Whitehall, is now the

temporary home of the Ministry

of Labour. It will be put to other

uses after Parliament has sanctioned

the payment of £49,000 for the re-

maining 36 years of the Duke's lease.

Some idea of the difference in London

land values to-day compared with 100

years ago may be gleaned from the

fact that when the Duke of Buccleuch

obtained from the Crown a 50 years' lease of the present site of Montagu

House, he only paid £200 down, and

an annual rent of £28. Even in 1808,

when the Duke of Buccleuch secured

a new lease, he only paid a rent of

£75 for the first twelve years. About

60 years ago the Duke built the exist-

ing mansion at a cost of £120,000,

the lease of which would have revert-

ed to the Crown in 1954. The pre-

sent ground rent, together with the

land tax, amounts to over £1,000.

ROYAL HOSPITALITY.

There is no rush to accept the

King's offer of part of Buckingham

Palace for official purposes, but his

offer of Balmoral Castle may be

accepted for the benefit of wounded

soldiers. It is a comparatively new

building, having been completed in

1804. Queen Victoria fell in love

with Balmoral at first sight, and left

it in tears at the close of her first

visit in 1848. "The house," she

wrote, when her Highland home was

at length ready, "is charming, the

rooms delightful, the furniture,

papers, everything perfection." It

was, of course, a Scotsman who first

directed the Queen's attention to the

perfection of Balmoral, which is free

from the humidity commonly

associated with the Highlands, owing

to a belt of hills that intercepts the

rainclouds from the sea. The people

in the neighbourhood of the castle,

who often received informal visits

from the Queen, grew courtier-like in

their conversation, one of them tell-

ing her Majesty that "it was just like

death" at Balmoral when she went

South again.

But if Buckingham Palace remains

exclusively a royal residence, the

King does not intend to lack hospi-

pitality for the fighting men. Last

year he gave a series of musical enter-

tainments to wounded soldiers in the

stables of the palace. They were a

great success and are to be repeated.

"The stables" does not sound too

inviting, but in this case they afford

really admirable accommodation for

the purpose and the soldiers enjoy

the entertainments immensely, for

the Royal Family make them quite

at home.

There are others who view these

events with eagerness, for these hos-

pitalities acquire a measure of con-

siderable social importance because of

the "commands" issued to certain

ladies to assist in attending to the

invited guests. They are greedily

portrayed and the names canvassed in

every drawing-room in London. The

marked way in which some of the

most advertised and socially prom-

inent ladies of note are excluded

proves how carefully Queen

He also fights and helps fight

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

BRITISH AERIAL RAIDS.

LONDON, April 22.
Reporting on aviation, Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig says:—
Twelve tons of bombs were dropped at day-time yesterday on Menin and Armentieres and on the Thourout railway junction.
We brought down six and drove down three machines out of control.
Three of ours are missing.
Our night-fliers dropped eleven tons of bombs on Binham and railway junctions at Jumville, Bethenville and Chaulnes. A large fire occurred in the last-named place.
All the machines returned.

THE FRENCH FRONT.

LINE RESTORED.

LONDON, April 22.
A French communiqué reports:—
There was no infantry action to-day. There is reciprocal artillery activity on the front of the Somme, Aves and the Oise and on the right of the Meuse.
Our line north of Seicheprey was entirely restored.
The enemy bombarded Rheims, causing several fires.

VIOLENT ENGAGEMENTS ON CROWN PRINCE'S BATTLE-FRONT.

LONDON, April 21.
A wireless German official message states:—
Reciprocal reconnaissances on Prince Rupprecht's and the Crown Prince's battle-fronts led to violent infantry engagements.
We attacked the Americans near Seicheprey and penetrated for two kilometres, returning at night time to our original line.
The American losses were high and we took 183 prisoners.

CONGRATULATIONS FROM THE KING OF HEDJAZ.

KING GEORGE'S REPLY.

LONDON, April 17.
The King of Hedjaz has telegraphed to His Majesty King George his congratulations on the magnificent and unmatchable gallantry of the British Armies on the Western Front, earnestly praying the Almighty to crown with victory the banners of the true cause for which they are fighting with such undaunted bravery.
King George replied: "I am deeply touched by your Lordship's message. It breathes the spirit of confidence and unity of purpose which binds together the Allied forces on all fronts and in all lands in unshakable determination to achieve the liberation of mankind from tyranny."
The King of Hedjaz has telegraphed the British Government begging it to convey to Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig his gallant commanders and troops, the King's whole-hearted admiration of the magnificent defence of the British Army in the face of the German desperate but unavailing offensive.
The Mayor of Mecca has telegraphed the Lord Mayor of London congratulating the city on the inspiring spectacle of the valiant and glorious opposition to the fruitless assaults of the German hordes on the Western Front.

GERMANS EATING HORSE-FLESH.

RECKLESS GAMBLE OF MAN-POWER.

LONDON, April 22.
10.43 p.m.
Reuter's Correspondent at British Headquarters, telegraphing to-day, says:—
Apparently the enemy suffered more severely in the great repulse on Thursday, between Giverny Forest and Nieppe; than has been supposed, for the hard pressing tactics have so far not been resumed. Last night and this morning passed quietly. Doubtless, the enemy will make another thrust for the possession of the hill system from Kemmel to Mont Desca, but to-morrow we shall be even better prepared to receive him than to-day. No leader of a democratic army would dare to gamble away his man-power as General Ludendorff is doing. No General of any other nation dare to set a million and a half of lives as the price for the Channel Ports. At the present rate of casualties to the progress it is questionable whether twice a million and a half will achieve the result.
After quoting striking figures gathered from an officer among the prisoners in support of the statements of the heavy enemy losses, ranging between thirty and fifty per cent, the Correspondent says: "The enemy has been eating the flesh of fallen horses along the Rapaune road and is much distressed to discover that the reports of British troops starving are untrue, which fact is borne out by the capture of well-stocked cantons."
During the recent advance, French troops and artillery have been in action shoulder to shoulder with our men. It is impossible to overstate the effect in morale upon the latter, who have unbounded confidence in the heroism and fighting qualities of our Allies. The liaison between the British and French Army Staffs is working with the utmost harmony and high efficiency.
Mr. Poincaré, visiting the Flanders front this morning, reviewed the British battalions, and expressed unqualified satisfaction with all he saw.

We improved our position last night east of Elas-de-Vilaga, took some prisoners and killed forty. We also improved our line of posts in the area of Point Hinges and south of Vacant Wood. Our artillery is ceaselessly active against concentrations in the region of Mont Kemmel. The airmen, taking advantage of the clearer weather, have been very busy all over the battle area.

RE-DOUBLED RECRUITING CAMPAIGNS IN THE DOMINIONS.

DEVOTED SUPPORT OF THE BRITISH CAUSE.

LONDON, April 17.
The Times says that the Dominions are redoubling their efforts to reinforce their troops on the Western Front. Both Australia and South Africa are resorting to redoubled recruiting campaigns. There is no difference between the advocates and opponents of conscription in Australia in their devoted support to the British cause, but only the difference about the means which will contribute best to its prosperity.
The New Zealand Government, besides increasing the reinforcements, has carried a Budget with a drastic clause compelling subscription to the latest War Loan.
The efforts of Australia, New Zealand, Canada and South Africa, if with differing accents, speak with unanimity of meaning and firmness of resolve, which is singularly welcome to this country and the Allies at a moment of very heavy strain.

HOLLAND AND GERMANY.

FORCING THE NETHERLANDS.

LONDON, April 22.
The Daily Telegraph's Correspondent at Rotterdam states that certain demands have been already made or are about to be made by Germany which, if pressed, would force the Netherlands to take one side or the other in the war.

GERMANS OPEN A WAY TO THE CRIMEA.

LONDON, April 21.
A German official message states:—
We have opened a way to the Crimea after overcoming resistance.

HONGKONG TENNIS LEAGUE.

EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING.

An extraordinary General Meeting of the Hongkong Tennis League was held in the Hongkong Cricket Club Pavilion at 5.15 p.m. last evening for the purpose of confirming a resolution passed at the annual general meeting held on April 11 as follows:—
"No person should be eligible to play in a League match for any Club until he has been duly elected a bona fide member or a subscriber to the Club."
Dr. Forsyth presided and there were present Dr. F. Lindsay Woods, (Hon. Sec.) and representatives of nine Clubs.
The Chairman proposed and Mr. H. Nibbet seconded the confirmation of the resolution, which was unanimously agreed to.

Mr. Nibbet proposed that the Second Division be limited to ten Clubs this year and that no team be allowed to enter that did not possess a grass court.
Mr. RUMGHAN seconded.
The motion was then discussed by the members.
The President pointed out the difficulty of admitting teams who only possessed cement courts which would result in the overcrowding of the available grass courts, which were limited. He suggested that those Clubs who had cement courts should form a League of their own and he would be very pleased to present a trophy.
After further discussion the motion was put to the vote and carried.

The Hon. SECRETARY read a letter from Mr. S. E. Green in which the latter stated that he would be unable to serve on the working sub-Committee since he would not be able to spare the necessary time. Mr. Lindsay was unanimously elected to fill the vacancy.
The Chairman then announced that the Hon. Secretary would advise the Clubs concerned as to the second resolution and that the entrance fees paid would be returned.
That concluded the business of the Meeting.

HONGKONG TRAMWAY CO., LTD.

The approximate statement of traffic receipts for the week ending 20th April is as follows:—

	Receipts for week.	Aggregate for 15 weeks.
This year	14,980	216,541
Last year	11,740	215,280
Increase	3,240	4,261

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.

SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING.

AMENDMENT OF THE CHURCH ORDINANCE.

Two special general meetings of the seatholders and subscribers of St. John's Cathedral were held in the City Hall, yesterday evening, for the purpose of putting before the meeting amendments to the St. John's Cathedral Church Regulations.

The Bishop of Victoria, Dr. Lander, presided, and amongst those present were His Excellency the Governor; the Hon. Mr. Cland Severn, C.M.G.; the Hon. Mr. E. H. Sharp, K.C., C.B.E.; Commodore Sandeman, C.M.G., Captain Myburgh, Dr. J. H. Sanders, the Rev. Copley Moyle and Professor Earle (Hon. Secretary of the Church Body).

The CHAIRMAN having opened the proceedings with a short prayer, and the Hon. Secretary having read the notice convening the meeting, the Chairman said he desired to put to the meeting the question whether it should be private or whether reporters should be present.

Mr. H. W. LOOKER said he thought the proceedings should be private and he put that as a motion.

His EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR seconded.

Mr. W. JACKSON proposed that the meeting be public.

Mr. J. H. UNDERWOOD seconded.

The amendment was put to the meeting and carried.

The CHAIRMAN said the next question was as to whether they should adopt the 1917 Register or the 1918 Register. Those who were on the Register for 1918 had paid their subscriptions for three months and he suggested the 1918 Register should hold.

This was unanimously agreed to.

The CHAIRMAN said that it was not proposed to proceed with the first resolution on the agenda, as follows:—

"That the following words be added at the end of Clause 1 of Regulation 16 after the word 'subscribers': 'who are baptized members of the Church of England or of any Episcopal Church in communion with the Church of England.'"

This was agreed to.

The CHAIRMAN said that they would remember that at the last general meeting Dr. Earle had put the next resolution to the meeting, and it had been carried. It was now before the meeting for confirmation.

Mr. DOWLING: By only one vote, Sir.

The CHAIRMAN: Yes, that is so.

Dr. EARLE then proposed the confirmation of the resolution as follows:—

"That the following words be added at the end of Regulation 19 'and that all sittings shall be free at each Sunday evening service.'"

Dr. SANDERS seconded.

The Hon. Mr. P. H. HOLYOAK moved an amendment that the present regulations stand.

Mr. H. B. L. DOWLING seconded.

The amendment was then put to the vote and lost.

Dr. EARLE's motion was then put to the vote and carried.

The CHAIRMAN then announced that that concluded the business of the first meeting. The second meeting was for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolutions:—

"That the Saint John's Cathedral Church Ordinance, 1899 (No. 3 of 1899) be amended as follows:—

Substitute for Sub-section 1 of Section 8:—

The Chaplain and Assistant Chaplain of the Church shall perform and carry on divine worship and the services usual in the Church of England according to the rites and ceremonies of the said Church.

Add a new Sub-section 2 as follows:—

Whenever it shall be necessary to appoint a new Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain of the Church, the Body shall call a General Meeting of the registered seatholders and subscribers for the purpose of electing six additional persons who are seatholders or subscribers to form with the members of the Church Body other than the Chaplain a Committee for the purpose of making the appointment. All questions relating to any such appointment shall be decided by such Committee and all such appointments shall be made by such Committee.

Add a new Sub-section 3 as follows:—

A Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain shall not be re-elected without the sanction of a resolution of a General Meeting of the registered seatholders and subscribers called for the purpose. If such re-appointment is sanctioned by such General Meeting the Church Body shall have power to remove any such re-appointment. The proceedings of any such General Meeting as is referred to in this Sub-section shall be private.

Add a new Sub-section 4 as follows:—

The Chaplain shall not take the chair at any General Meeting referred to in Sub-section 3 and Sub-section 4.

Repeal Sub-section 5 as follows:—

The Church Body may appoint such officers and servants other than the

Chaplain and Assistant Chaplain, as may be necessary, on such terms and conditions as it may think fit.

Section 13 Sub-section 4:—

Eliminate the words "a Chaplain and Assistant Chaplain."

To move the following amendment to the above resolutions:—

To insert after the words "six additional persons who are seatholders or subscribers" the words "and are otherwise qualified for election as Members of the Church Body," in the proposed new Sub-section 2 of Section 8, and to delete the words "other than the Chaplain" in the same Sub-section.

Mr. H. W. LOOKER said that before formally addressing the meeting on the subject of the proposed amendments he wished to say a word or two upon the amendment of such resolutions of which notice had been given. The original resolution provided for the appointment of six additional persons who were seatholders and subscribers. The amendment was to the effect that such six additional persons should be qualified for election as members of the Church Body. The qualifications for election were that members must be British subjects, communicants and regular attendants of the Church services. He agreed that it was not right that persons who were not British subjects and who were not baptised members of the Church of England should form part of the Committee to select a chaplain for the Church of England. He suggested that the additional six persons should be qualified simply by being subscribers and seatholders, who were British subjects, baptised in the Church of England. With regard to sub-section 2, he thought that the Chaplain should form one in selecting an assistant chaplain, but for certain reasons it was not thought that he should form a part of the body for the selection of chaplain.

Mr. LOOKER asked if those responsible for the amendment were prepared to accept his suggestion in regard to the qualification of the proposed "six additional members."

The CHAIRMAN, after referring to Dr. Earle, said the latter was not prepared to accept the compromise.

Continuing, Mr. LOOKER said there were certain seatholders and subscribers who considered that the basis on which a chaplain should be appointed or selected ought to be broadened. Before going into details, he would like to make his position towards the Church clear. He was a baptised member of the Church, had been confirmed, had attended communion in his earlier days regularly, but had not attended communion for some years. He was not a frequenter of the Church services, but he was a strong supporter of the Church, though he could not share all the doctrines and beliefs which the Church required. He held that the Church required honest belief and that fact disqualified him for membership of the Church Body. For that reason he thought he could speak all the more plainly. The speaker went on to say that he believed that the Church had a definite place and a definite function in the life of the nation and of the Colony, and he believed she should be encouraged and supported. He believed that the Church should not be narrow or sectarian in spirit—that would antagonise and drive the people away rather than bring them in. They had heard a great deal since the war began of the divorce of the Church from the national life. They had heard it said that it was the duty of the Church to get more into touch with national life, that she should go into and share the lives of those within her fold and those without. In a pamphlet signed by the Bishop it was said that the Church was endeavouring to get into touch with national life, and he had heard it said that the Church was losing touch with the nation and that they must make a special endeavour to regain that touch. To get into touch with national life was very necessary, in a chaplain. They thought that the chaplain selected should be broad in his views. Yet those moving the amendment wished that those responsible for the selection should be regular communicants. For his part, he was of opinion that a person, as long as he was a supporter of the Church, was qualified to be a member of the Church body. It was not necessary that he should be a frequenter of the Church and a regular communicant.

Mr. A. H. HARRIS seconded the suggestion embodied in Mr. Looker's statement.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR said he was there as a seatholder and he wished to state that the proposal which Mr. Looker had moved and Mr. Harris had seconded had been inspired by himself. One of the reasons that moved him to a consideration of the question was an address made by Bishop Norris in Hongkong on the occasion of the National Mission of Hope and Repentance. He deplored the want of interest in the Church, and amongst other things suggested that the remedy lay in an increased Church Body. He went so far as to say that he would like to see every seatholder a member of the Church body. Bishop Norris was long enough in Hongkong to know that only a small number of seatholders were communicants and probably a still smaller number were frequenters of the Church. When in Shanghai he (the speaker) was interested in the constitution of the Cathedral Church there, and he found that on the occasion of the election of their chaplain the very procedure which he had suggested here was adopted—that was to say the body of trustees, which was limited, he thought, to three, was increased by two representatives elected by the seatholders of the Church. There was nothing in the regulation to say that those seatholders must necessarily be communicants. He did not profess to be a Church man. He was not a frequent of the Church but he was very broad in all his religious beliefs. If by the amendment before them they

were going to eliminate good Churchmen, whose only fault was that they did not communicate regularly, from sitting on the body for the selection of a chaplain, then they were doing a great injury to the Church.

Dr. EARLE defended his amendment and said he did not agree with the contention that the Church was narrow in its conception.

Mr. F. R. L. BOWLER, supporting Dr. Earle, said the object of the amendment was to broaden the basis of the election of a chaplain or an assistant chaplain. He was under the impression that Bishop Norris did not say that a member of the Church body need not necessarily be a communicant. He was of the opinion that a man who was not a regular communicant, who was slack in attendance at Church services, was unable to sit on the Church body for the selection of a chaplain, as he was not acquainted with the work of a chaplain and the suitability or otherwise of a person.

The Hon. Mr. CLAUD SEVERN and Commodore SANDEMAN spoke, and Mr. Looker's proposal was then put to the meeting and lost.

Dr. EARLE's amendment was put and carried.

This concluded the business of the meeting.

REPORTED DEATH OF GENERAL LUK WING TING.

A report is current that General Luk Wing Ting, the leading General of the Southern troops, is dead, but the report has been denied from official quarters at Kwangsi.

Evidently the report is credited in the North for a telegram this afternoon to our Chinese contemporary, the Fuh Ts'at Pa, states that all the Northern provinces have telegraphed to Peking recommending that the Government should avail itself of the opportunity afforded by the death of Luk Wing Ting to attack Kwangtung province.

THE MAGISTRACY.

THE SAME OLD STORY.

A Chinese pleaded guilty when charged before Mr. J. R. Wood this morning, with being in unlawful possession of 17 tins of prepared opium other than Government opium.

Revenue Inspector Clarke said the opium was found in seven parcels tied around defendant's waist. Witness was of opinion that the opium came from Saigon.

Defendant gave the usual story of having been engaged by a stranger to carry the drug.

His Worship fined the defendant \$1,200, or six months' hard labour in default of payment.

A SAD STORY.

A sad story was related at the Magistracy this morning, when a Chinese woman was charged with attempting to commit suicide, by drowning, at Sai Kok, yesterday.

Defendant said she wanted to die because her husband ill-treated her. "He often gives me a beating," she said.

Sergt. Spear said he learned from the inmates of the house where the defendant was staying, that her husband treated her very badly. He often neglected to provide her with food and she had to remain without food for days sometimes. She had no relatives to whom she could apply for assistance.

Mr. Wood remanded the defendant and ordered the case to be referred to the Secretary for Chinese Affairs.

HONGKONG ST. GEORGE'S DAY FUND.

The Committee acknowledge with thanks, receipt of the undernoted donations.

Further amounts will be gratefully received by the Hon. Treasurer, c/o Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation.

Balance as per last statement \$3,439.30

Rev. T. Robinson 20

Rev. T. W. Scholes 10

P. A. J. 16.50

W. Morley 100

Proceeds of Raffle per Mrs. H. L. Stringer 48.67

Mrs. Stubb (250—6/3/4) 314.70

\$3,979.17

J. H. Ramsey,

Hon. Treasurer,

Hongkong St. George's Day Fund,

22nd April, 1918.

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The same bottle serves the whole family. For sale by all Chemists and Grocers.

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ZENOBIA BATH SALTS.

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Telephone 238.

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EVERYDAY! EVERYWHERE!

A Miserable Feeling! Laid by our experts! Guaranteed right!

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AGENTS, BRADLEY & Co., Ltd.

HONGKONG

You be the Judge

From any point that you wish to Judge it, PETER DAWSON WHISKY

is all that could be asked.

There is a good reason for the many friends it has won.

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H. RUTTONJEE & SON,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

THE SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE, HONGKONG.



WAR BOND DRAWING 3 QUESTIONS AND 3 ANSWERS

QUESTION A—How many tickets have you purchased or how many are you interested in? ANSWER A—99.

QUESTION B—Is the winning number amongst them? ANSWER B—Of Course!

QUESTION C—If so what are you going to do with the proceeds? ANSWER C—Give 1/3rd to Charity and spend the balance.

The foregoing are reasonable answers to the questions, but you may have some better ones; if so, please submit them to "War Bond Answers," Post Office Box No. 281, Hongkong, who will give judgment thereon, and sender of the best answers will receive TWO WAR BOND TICKETS AND 5 TOMBOLA SPILLS. Any number of alternative answers may be sent in but winner will be required to produce a War Bond Ticket already purchased for each answer submitted. All alternative answers to be sent in by the 23rd of April. They may be in comic, poetic or tragic vein.

Judging of answers will be made by the St. George's Day Publicity Committee.

TICKETS are on sale at Banks, Clubs, Hotels, Leading Stores, and the Hongkong and China War Savings Association, c/o the Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd.

SHIPPING

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C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.			
FOR	SHIPS	TO ARRIVE	
NEWCHWANG	HWAN KUN	Apr. 24, at 10 a.m.	
SHANGHAI	SINKIANG	Apr. 25, at 3 p.m.	
SHANGHAI	SUNKIANG	Apr. 27, at 3 p.m.	

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAILS AND CARGO. Excellent Saloon accommodations; Airships; Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and Staterooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai. Freight Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

For Freight or Passage, apply to—

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AGENTS.

Telephone No. 34

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

**PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG,
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).**

For	STEAMERS	To Sail
SHANGHAI	WINGSANG	WEDDAY, Apr. 24, Daylight.
HAIPHONG	LOKSANG	WEDDAY, Apr. 24, at 7 a.m.
SHANGHAI via NINGPO	TAISANG	FRIDAY, Apr. 26, Daylight.
MANILA	YTERNSANG	FRIDAY, Apr. 26, at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	WOSANG	TUESDAY, Apr. 30, Daylight.
MANILA	DOONSANG	FRIDAY, May 3, at 3 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE—Three sailings per month from Hongkong to Calcutta calling at Singapore and Penang.

Retaining direct to Calcutta, steamers proceed to Kobe and Moji, frequently calling at Shanghai.

These steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with electric light and carry a fully qualified Surgeon. This line is temporarily discontinued owing to the war. Particulars on application.

SHANGHAI LINE—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow.

Steamers on this line have excellent amount of passenger accommodation, and through tickets can be obtained for Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai. Through B/Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports.

MANILA LINE—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation; sailings from both ports every Friday.

HAIPHONG LINE—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at Hoihow when indimented others.

BORNEO LINE—One sailing per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by a steamer having up-to-date accommodation for passengers.

Cargo taken under Bills of Lading for Kudat, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawau and Labad Datu.

TIENJIN LINE—A regular service is run from March to October between Hongkong and Tientsin, calling at Weihaiwei and Chefoo.

Under Straits Government Passport Regulations. All European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits Settlements, are required to produce on arrival at destination passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,
General Managers.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

APCAR LINE

REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN
CALCUTTA, STRAITS, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI
AND JAPAN PORTS.

EASTWARD.

WESTWARD

The above Steamer have excellent saloon accommodation for passengers and is fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.
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Regular Service of Steamers to **PACIFIC COAST.**
For Space and Particulars
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WITHOUT PURE BLOOD HEALTH IS IMPOSSIBLE.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE

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with transhipment at **CALCUTTA**, in conjunction with the
INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
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Sailings from Hongkong.			
Steamer from Hongkong.	on or about	Connecting at Calcutta with	On or about
A steamer	Shortly	_____	

For freight and further particulars apply to
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Regular Service of Steamers between Japan, Hongkong, Singapore,
Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya.
Sailing on or about
For sailing dates Freight or Passage apply to
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STEAM FOR
STRAITS, COLOMBO, BOMBAY,
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Through Bills of Lading issued for BATA-
VIA PERSIAN GULF, CONTINEN-
TAL, AMERICAN AND SOUTH
AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Homeward-Mail Steamer carry-
ing His Majesty's Mails will be
despatched from this port as usual on the
evening of the 22nd inst. for Europe.
Passengers' accommodation in the com-
modious vessel is secured before departure
from Hongkong.

Silk and Valuable Cargo for Italy,
France and London (under arrangements
made) will be conveyed in this steamer
proceeding via Bombay and then
transhipped to the on-carrying steamer
for Marseilles and London.

Parcels will be received at this Office
until 3 p.m. the day before sailing. The
contents and value of all packages are
received.

For further particulars, sailing dates
&c. apply to

E. V. O. DORE,
Superintendents

Hongkong, Nov. 22, 1917. 321

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

Via SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, JAPAN and HONOLULU.
FAST and LUXURIOUS MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong.
SHINYO MARU	33,000	27th April
KOREA MARU	15,000	24th May
SIBERIA MARU	15,000	8th June
TENYO MARU	32,000	20th June

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

HONGKONG to VALPARAISO Via JAPAN, HONOLULU,
SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO, SALINO CRUZ, BALBOA,
CALLAO, ARIACA and IQUIQUE.

Thence by Trans Andean Route to Buenos Aires.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong:
NIPPON MARU	11,000	Middle of May
KIYO MARU	17,200	Early July
ANYO MARU	15,900	Early September.

Tickets are interchangeable with the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Passengers may travel by rail between ports of call in Japan free of charge.

For full information as to rates, sailings, etc., apply to—

T. DAIGO, MANAGER,
KING'S BUILDING.

Telephones Nos. 2374 and 2375.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
FROM U.S.A., JAPAN AND SHANGHAI.

THE Motorship
"JUTELANDIA".

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of cargo by her are hereby informed that all goods are being landed at their place of destination for extra charges to Godowns of the Hongkong & Howland Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 25th instant will be taken to the wharves.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 25th instant at 10 A.M.

Claims against the Steamer must be presented within 10 days of arrival otherwise they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by the Company in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by THORESEN & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, April 22, 1918.

INTIMATIONS

PATELL & CO.

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EXPORTERS,
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COMMISSION AGENTS.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(JAPAN MAIL S.S. CO.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.					
DESTINATION	STEAMER & DISPLACEMENT	SAILING DATE			
Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama	*Kaga Maru, 12,500 tons FRL.	28th Apr. 11 a.m.			
	*Hirano Maru, 10,000 tons THU.	9th May 11 a.m.			
Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	*Tango Maru, 13,500 tons SAT.	18th May, 11 a.m.			
	*Nikko Maru, 9,600 tons SAT.	18th June, 11 a.m.			
Shanghai, Moji & Kobe	{ Bombay Maru, 8,000 tons FRL.	26th April			
	{ Ceylon Maru, 10,000 tons MON.	29th April			
London or Liverpool via Spore, Colombo, Delagoa Bay & Cape Town					
Melbourne via Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday Is., Townsville, Brisbane, & Sydney					
New York via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama, San Francisco & Panama Canal					
Bombay via Singapore, Malacca, & Colombo					
Calcutta via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon					

HONGKONG-VICTORIA B.C.-SEATTLE

VIA

**Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe,
Yokkaichi & Yokohama.**

Operated by the magnificent and splendidly equipped
Passenger Steamers "Fushimi Maru," "Suwa Maru,"
"Kashima Maru" and "Katori Maru," each of over 20,000
tons displacement.

Next sailing from Hongkong:

"Suwa Maru."	WEDNESDAY, 10th May, 11 a.m.
"Fushimi Maru."	TUESDAY, 11th June, 11 a.m.

*Omitting Manila Eastbound.

For further information, apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
B. MORI, Manager.

LESSONS IN CHINESE

MR. LI HUN YAN, a Chinese graduate versed in literature, has been a teacher to European Officials and Merchants in this Colony for ten years. He has a good method of training Europeans pupils in a Chinese examination, and is possessor of a first rate certificate as a Chinese teacher. He also has a good knowledge of Mandarin and Hakka. Those who intend to learn the Chinese language are requested to write c/o "The China Mail" Office direct to No. 122, Wellington Street, First Floor.

AGENTS.

LONDONS—**WILLIAM SLATER**, 43 Grosvenor Street, W.C. 1, ALGAE, 11 1/2 Clements Lane, Lombard Street, E.C. 3. **T. R. BROWNE & Co.**, Ltd., 12, Queen's, Victoria St. **CLARK, SON & PLATT**, 85 Grosvenor Church St., E.C. 4. **STREET & CO.**, Ltd., 20, Finsbury, London, E.C. 2. **BRIDE & SONS**, 10, ROBERT WATSON, 10, St. David, Colchester, Essex. **HUL, HOLTON, "Indust. S.N.D."**, KATHERINE & Co., 3, Philimore St., E.C. 4. **MATTHEW & CROFTERS, Ltd.**, 11, 12, New Bridge St., S.E. 1.

SOUTLAND—**FRED L. SKEETS**, 5 North St., David Street, Edinburgh.

PARIS AND EUROPE, **STAVROS KEBELOS**, 18, Rue de la Grande Chaumière, Paris.

NEW YORK—**T. R. BROWNE**, Ltd., Colman Hall, Wall and Street, New York City.

SAN FRANCISCO—**ANDREAS POGGIO**, generally—**BLACK & BLACK**, San Francisco.

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AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND—**GORDON & LOTTIE**, Melbourne and Sydney.

CYPRON—**W. M. ENTER & Co.**, The Arcade, Nicosia, Cyprus.

SINGAPORE, SINGAPORE—**KELLY & WATSON**, 10, Market Street, Singapore.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—**A. S. WATSON & Co.**, Manila.

SHANGHAI—**KELLY, KELLY & WATSON**, Ltd.

JAPAN—**KELLY, KELLY & WATSON**, Kobe and Yokohama.

OAKTON—**PAVEL & Co.**

THE CHINA TRADING LTD.
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Steamers	Leave Hongkong	Connecting Mail Steamer from Colombo	Due Marseilles	Due London
Colombo	Noon	Colombo	1917	1917

When Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of Booking.

On the Australian Route Tickets Interchangeable with Orient Line.

SAILINGS DIRECT TO

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S. S.	Leave Hongkong About

Passengers may travel by Railway in Japan between Ports of Call free of charge. Return Tickets are available by Messageries Maritimes Company.

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IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS, WILL LEAVE DIRECT FOR

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Calling at SINGAPORE, PORT SWETENHAM, PENANG, COLOMBO AND PORT SAID.

CARRYING 1st AND 2nd SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.

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THE INTERMEDIATE SERVICE IS TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge and each Berth furnished with an Electric Reading Lamp.

Round-the-World Tickets and Through Tickets to New York in connection with the Principal Mail Lines.

Return Tickets at face and a half available to Europe for Two Years; or to Intermediate Ports for Six Months.

Owing to the War in Europe Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expected of which they have received documents or advice.

Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors. Messrs Goddard and Douglas, at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Thursdays. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

For Further Information, Passage Fares, Freight, Handbooks, Dates of Sailings etc., apply to.

E. V. D. PARR,
Superintendent.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS.

S. S. CHINA

WILL SAIL FROM HONGKONG FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS & HONOLULU.

JUNE 21st and AUGUST 31st, 1918.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATES.

O. H. RITTER, Freight and Passenger Agent,
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Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN with transshipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

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EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION FOR 1st and 2nd CLASS PASSENGERS.

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Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA and STRAITS to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS en route and affording the Quickest Freight Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

For dates of departure, Rates of Freight, apply to

THE BANK LINE LIMITED

MANAGING AGENTS.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

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JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS

TO UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT.

FOR PARTICULARS OF SAILINGS SHIPPERS ARE REQUESTED TO APPROACH THE UNDERSIGNED.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Cape of Good Hope at Owners' option. Subject to change without notice.

THE BANK LINE LTD
General Agents.

THE WAR AND ASIA.

SOME EFFECT OF GERMAN PROPAGANDA.

[By LEAD LAMUNOTY, G.C.M.G.,
G.C.I.E., Governor of
Bombay 1902-1907.]

It will be wise not to underestimate or even attempt to minimise the pernicious effect which Germany's successes in Russia will almost certainly exercise upon the Asiatic mind. Ill news travels apace, and among Asiatics generally there is unfortunately too much reason to believe that Russia's retirement from the war and the collapse of her vast Army are already attributed in many Eastern countries to the irresistible force of Germany's arms. This impression, however erroneous or exaggerated it may be in point of fact, will become prevalent and obtain credence all the more readily because it happens to coincide so closely with that already prevalent in the East generally by the intense, insidious, and extensive propaganda campaign which Germany has been assiduously conducting in that as in other parts of the world for many years past.

THE ASIATIC MIND.

This campaign was probably far more thorough, systematic and subtle in its generalisations and ramifications than is generally imagined or recognised by those who are unfamiliar with the East and the peculiarities of the Asiatic temperament and mentality. It had as one of its objects the creation of an excited opinion of Germany's military power. Everywhere the idea was carefully inculcated that this power was invincible. It was, moreover, invested with a subtle glamour that appealed strongly to the Oriental imagination. In this respect it was highly successful, from the enemy's standpoint, in Turkey and in Persia, and as recent events tend to prove, it has been far from fruitless in Russia. It is not exaggeration to say that Germany's military prestige has been greatly enhanced throughout the East by the deplorable turn events have taken in Russia. Effects will not be assigned to their true causes. The enemy's apparent military success in particular has been fully and fully to the Asiatic, with whom might is right, as is almost invariably the case with people who have little knowledge of the world and liberty of government.

PRO-GERMANISM IN INDIA.

To what extent Germany's propaganda has affected India, it is difficult accurately to determine. German missionaries and agents have unquestionably endeavoured to sow seeds of disaffection among the native population, and several disorderly outbreaks were directly traceable to their influence. Happily, however, there is reason to believe that this influence was neither widespread nor general; it was sporadic. And notwithstanding the insidious provocations and allurements of these pro-Germans, one of the most striking and reassuring features of the war has been the magnificent loyalty of the Indian Army.

This is neither the time nor the place to discuss the progress and prospects of the campaign in Mesopotamia. But it is extremely important to keep steadily and clearly in mind the chief objective of the force now operating under the command of General Marshall. It is essential to the safety and well-being of India that the extension of the principle of pan-Germanism in the East should be decisively and permanently stopped. So far as Persia is concerned, Germany has no dominating desire merely to develop the natural resources of that country. Her real aim is not commercial, but military in character. Her main objective is to secure a base on the Persian Gulf, with Baghdad as only an intermediate station, so to speak, on the route from Berlin. If Germany were successful in attaining this end it would constitute a grave and constant menace to the security of India; it would be, in fact, a point d'appui against our Pacific dominions and Eastern possessions.

THE KAISER'S DREAM.

This is the real goal of Germany's ambition—the real end and end-all of her policy in the East, an essential part of the Kaiser's dream of world-power, to which, according to Mr. Gerard's latest revelations, he has openly confessed. The significance of this fact must not be overlooked. Prior to the war Germany enjoyed most, if not all, of the advantages of world-power by means of her commerce; but in seeking deliberately to supplement her growing commercial importance with military domination she has brought herself into direct conflict, so far as the East is concerned, with the highest interests, not only of Great Britain, but also of certain Asiatic Powers, such as China and Japan.

MARTIN'S

APIOL-STEEL PILLS

A French Remedy for all Transmutations. Thousands of Letters have been sent to the inventor, Dr. J. P. Martin, of Paris, France, in praise of his wonderful discovery. It is a simple, safe, and effective remedy for all ailments of the blood, and is the only one of its kind in the world.

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For the cure of all ailments of the blood, and is the only one of its kind in the world.

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SECRET HISTORY OF 1906.

Lord Denbigh related to members of the Royal Colonial Institute, London, recently an incident which, he said, had hitherto been a piece of diplomatic secret history. At Madeira the Germans first took a hotel, then they wanted a convalescent home, and finally desired to establish certain vested interests. They demanded certain concessions from Portugal. The German Ambassador early in 1906 called on the Portuguese Government, and said that if the concessions asked for were not granted the Kaiser would send his Navy up the Tagus to Lisbon. The Portuguese Government sent a telegram to this country, and that night our Admiralty were on the point of mobilising the whole resources of the British Fleet. They thought of another way of meeting the situation, however, and sent the Atlantic Fleet instead close up against the Portuguese coast. They let the Kaiser know what had happened through an undiplomatic source, with the result that the next day the German Ambassador had to call again on the Portuguese Government and explain that he had exceeded his instructions. When the Americans learnt of the business, Denbigh added, they had expressed considerable disappointment at not being allowed to have a hand in it, while the fact that our Fleet was not absolutely mobilised resulted in no one outside diplomatic circles in this country knowing of it.

TO RELIEF JEWS IN WAR ZONE.

TEN MILLION DOLLARS GIVEN BY AMERICANS.

Liberal contributions toward the relief of Jews suffering in the war zone from the \$17,000,000 fund collected by American Jews in 1917 have just been announced by Albert Lucas, secretary of the Joint Distribution Committee, who has been in charge of allotting the money.

Five hundred thousand dollars has been sent to aid the distraught Jews in the occupied districts of Poland and Lithuania, this country having been turned into an inferno of misery when swept by the German armies. Twenty-five thousand dollars will be sent for the maintenance of soup kitchens established in Constantinople and other Turkish cities by American Ambassadors before the war. Permission for this work has already been received. The War Trade Board has also sanctioned the purchase of thousands of packages of kosher food for the Russian Jews' prisoners of war in German camps. This relief will be continued through the committee of Dutch Jews established in Holland.

With the British military forces occupying Palestine no further permits for relief undertakings there are necessary, and Mr. Lucas announced that \$17,000 has been sent through the United States Consul at Alexandria.

BANK

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE.

Subscribed Capital: 45,000,000
Paid Up Capital: 22,500,000
(1/2 of the Capital, i.e. 15,000,000 subscribed by the Government of the Chinese Republic.)

Chairman of the Board: ANDRE BERTHOUD,
General Manager: A. J. PERRONNET.

HEAD OFFICE: 74, Rue Saint-Lazare, PARIS.

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HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

Orders for Artillery Company by Capt. J. H. W. Armstrong, Y.D.

Parades at Victoria Barracks.

Thursday, 25th April—

7.30 a.m.—Right Half Company. Lay-ers' Class only.

Friday, 26th April—

7.30 a.m.—Right Half Company. Lay-ers' Class only.

6.15 p.m.—Left Half Company. New Layers' Class only.

The following N.C.O.s and men have passed the D.R.F. Examination held by the I.G.

Right Half Company—Born, Barnes, L./Rome, Douglas, Curran and Balfour and Gms. Robinson, Purves, Fletcher, Stone, Brewer and Rose.

Left Half Company—Sergeant. Firth and Gms. Boulton, Bateman, Hadden, Wil-son, Cornack and Bapley.

Orders for Engineer Company by Captain W. Russell.

19th to 26th April—

M. L. MANNING, N.C.O.

Parades as per notices posted at Head-quarters. Engine-drivers at 6.30 p.m.; electricians at 6.45 p.m.

OFFICERS NEXT FOR DUTY.

Belchers: Lieut. Hall.

Lieutenants: Capt. James.

Stewards: 2nd Lieut. Mayler.

Inspection for N.C.O.s and men of the Infantry Battalion attached for duty.

Class 1 at Victoria at 8.30 p.m. on Mondays and Thursdays.

Class 2 at Belchers at 8.30 p.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays.

Class 3 at Lieutenants at 8.30 p.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays, under Staff Sergeants.

Overseers and Purveyors, R.E., Corp. Day and 2nd Corp. N.E., H.K.D.C., at Belchers and Staff Sergeants, Barclay and White, R.E., and Sergeant Williams, H.K.D.C., at Lieutenants.

Details of duties at Lieutenants from 17th to 26th April, is posted at Headquarters for information of all concerned.

Pay and travelling expenses for March may be obtained on application at Capt. W. Russell's Office.

Orders for Infantry Battalion by Major H. A. Morgan.

PARADES.

1st Company.

Thursday, 25th April—

5.30 p.m.—Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Platoons on Polo Ground. Hongkong residents will parade at the Cricket Club at 5.10 p.m. and proceed by train to Causeway Bay. Company drill, Dress, drill order.

"B" Company.

5.30 p.m.—Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8 Platoons on Polo Ground. Hongkong residents will parade at the Cricket Club at 5.10 p.m. and proceed by train to Causeway Bay. Company drill, Dress, drill order.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.

Thursday, 25th April—

5.10 p.m.—Drill at Headquarters. Nos. 4 and 5 Guns only.

Friday, 26th April—

5.10 p.m.—Drill at Headquarters. The following men only need attend: Ptes. Field, Irvine, Labrum, A. C. D. Logan, C. R. Logan, McKerns, Niaguen and Stapleton.

MOUSTER SECTION.

Thursday, 25th April—

5.30 p.m.—At Jockey Club Stables. Dress, drill order without rifles.

SIGNALING SECTION.

Wednesday, 24th and Friday, 26th April—

5.30 p.m.—Parade at Headquarters. Dress, clean fatigue.

STRUTCHER BARRACK SECTION.

Wednesday, 24th April—

5.30 p.m.—Parade at Headquarters. Dress.

Friday, 26th April—

5.45 p.m.—All units except "D" Com-pany on Murray Parade Ground, under Sergeant Edmunds and Meade. Dress, drill order.

Orders for Cadet Company by 2nd Lieut. J. E. W. Beard.

PARADES.

Wednesday, 24th April—

5.15 p.m.—Nos. 8 and 4 Sections at Yau-mat Football Ground. Squad drill.

5.40 p.m.—Band Practice at quarters.

G. E. STEWART, Captain.

Adjutant, H.K. Defence Corps.

Hongkong, 19th April, 1918.

notice.

A meeting of the Shooting Committee of all units will be held at Headquarters on Wednesday, 24th April, at 5.00 p.m. to discuss arrangements for a Rifle meet-ing.

Temperature.

Tongkong, April 22, 1918.

Barometer—9 a.m. 29.85

Do 1 p.m. 29.85

Do 4 p.m. 29.84

Thermometer—9 a.m. 75

Do 1 p.m. 75

Do 4 p.m. 75

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THE CALENDAR.

MEMO. FOR TO-DAY.

9.15—First Performance of "The

Witness for the Defence."

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

Noon—Hongkong Railway Company

Meetings.

2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture at

Messrs. Hughes and Boughs.

GENERAL MEMORANDA.

Thursday, April 25—

9.15—Second Performance of "The

Witness for the Defence."

Friday, April 26—

Hongkong Stock Exchange Settlement

HONGKONG MARKET PRICES.

Butcher Meat.

Beef Sirloin—Mei Lung Pa ... lb. 24

Prime Cut ... lb. 24

Roast—Shiu ... lb. 24

Breast—Ngau Nam ... lb. 20

Scap—Tung Yuk ... lb. 20

Steak—Ngau Yuk Pa ... lb. 24

Steak Sirloin—Ngau Law ... lb. 30

Sausages—Ngau Cheung ... lb. 20

Bullock's Brains—Ngau No per set ... 10

Tongue, fresh—Ngau Li each ... 50

Tongue, corned—Ham Ngau Li ... 60 cents

Head—Ngau Tau ... each 100

Heart—Ngau Sam ... lb. 13

Hump Salt—Ngau Kin ... 10

Feet—Ngau Keuk ... each 10

Kidneys—Ngau Yin ... 10

Tail—Ngau Mai ... 20

Liver—Ngau Koon ... lb. 13

Tripe (undressed)—Ngau To lb. 6

Calves' Head and Feet—Ngau-tai ... 100

Mutton Chop—Yeung Pui Kwai ... lb. 26

Leg—Yeung Pui ... lb. 26

Shoulder—Yeung Pui ... lb. 24

Saddle—Yeung Pui ... lb. 16

Pigs' Chitterlings—Chiu Ching per set ... 25

Brains—Chu No ... per set 25

Feet—Chu Keuk ... lb. 15

Fry—Chu Chap ... lb. 15

Heart—Chu Tau ... lb. 20

Kidneys—Chu Yin ... each 10

Liver—Chu Koon ... lb. 30

Pork Chop—Chu Pui Kwai ... lb. 25

Leg—Chu Pui ... lb. 28

Loin—Chu Hau Tun ... lb. 28

Fat or Lard—Chu Yau ... lb. 21

Sheep's Head and Feet—Yeung ... 60

Heart—Yeung Sam ... each 8

Kidneys—Yeung Yin ... each 12

Liver—Yeung Koon ... lb. 26

Sucking Pigs, to order—Chu Tai ... 25

Suet, Beef—Shang Ngau Yau ... 20

Mutton—Shang Yeung Yau ... 20

Veal—Ngau Tai Yuk ... 20

Sausages—Ngau Tai Cheung ... No. 1 lb. 20

Lard—Chu Yau ... lb. 21

Barbel—Ka Yu ... lb. 19

Bream—Pin Yu ... lb. 20

Canton Fresh Water Fish—

Hoi Sin Yu ... lb. 18

Carp—Li Yu ... lb. 16

Catfish—Chik Yu ... lb. 12

Codfish—Man Yu ... lb. 20

Crabs—Hoi Yu ... lb. 20

Catfish—Mak Yu ... lb. 16

Dab—Sha Mang Yu ... lb. 23

Dace—Wong Mei Lap ... lb. 10

Dog Fish—Tik To Sha ... lb. 10

Bels, Conger—Hoi Ma ... lb. 16

Fresh water—Tam Shui Yu ... lb. 26

Yellow—Wong Sin ... lb. 26

Frogs—Tin Kai ... lb. 32

Groupers—Shek Pan ... lb. 40

Gudgeon—Pak Kap Yu ... lb. 18

Herring—Tao Pak ... lb. 22

Halibut—Cheung Kwan Kap ... lb. 18

Labrus—Wong Fa Yu ... lb. 62

Leach—Wu Yu ... lb. 22

Oranges, (Canton), (Sweet)—

Shan-sheng Tin Chang ... lb. 10

Oranges, (Canton), ... lb. 10

Pears, (Canton), looking—Sha Li ... lb. 10

Peanuts—Fai Shang ... lb. 10

Parasitisms, Large—Hong Tai ... lb. 12

Plantain—Tui Chiu ... lb. 03

Pineapple, Small—Tin Lo Yau ... each 13

Walnuts—Hop Tin ... lb. 14

Wasps—Po Tai Tin ... lb. 25

Vegetables, &c.

Artichokes—Ah Chi Cheuk ... Cts.

Beans, Sprout—Ngai Tai ... lb. 4

Legs—Tao Koi ... lb. 8

Beet Root—Hong Tai Tai ... lb. 8

Bitter Squash—Fu Kwa ... lb. 5

Briajala, Green—Ching Yau Kwa ... lb. 5

Rad—Hung Ke ... lb. 5

Cabbage Chinese, (common)—

Shanghai—Yau Tai ... lb. 12

Can Shoo, bunch—Kau Shan ... lb. 10

Cauleslower (Large)—Yau Tai Fa each ... (Medium), ... (Small), ...

Carrots—Kam Shun ... lb. 6

Celery, Chinese—Tong Kian Tai ... lb. 10

Chillies, Dried—Kau Lat Chiu ... lb. 25

Red—Hung Yau Chiu ... lb. 10

Green—Ching Lat Chiu ... lb. 8

Curry Stuff, English—Ka Li Chu Lin ... lb. 10

Cucumbers—Ching Kwa ... each 2

Garlic—Sun Tai ... lb. 8

Ginger, young—Sun Tai Keung ... lb. 7

Ginger, old—Lo Keung ... lb. 10

Horseradish, Shanghai—Lik Kan ... lb. 45

Indian Corn—Shuk Mei ... each 06

Lettsue, Young Shang Tai ... each 1

Water Chestnuts—Ma Tai ... lb. 6

Mandarin—Kwai ... lb. 10

Mushrooms, Fresh—Shang Tai Ku lb. 10

Okros ... lb. 10

Onions, Bombay—Yeung Chung Tai lb. 8

Onions, Green—Shang Chung lb. 4

Onions, Shanghai—Shuang-hoi ... lb. 4

Parsley—Kun Tai ... lb. 60

Potato, Sweet—Fan Shu ... lb. 3

Pumpkin—Yau Fun Shu Tai lb. 3

Pumpkin—Yau Fun Shu Tai lb. 3

Radish—Hung Lo Pak Tai ... lb. 6

Shubarb (Fresh)—Tai Wong ... lb. 8

Shallots—Kong Chong Tai ... lb. 8

Spinach—Yin Tai ... lb. 4

Tomatoes—Fan Ke ... lb. 7

Taro, Wu Tai ... lb. 4

Turnips, Fowl, (Long)—Lo Pak ... lb. 4